(2) The usage frequency in terms of total number of flights per year and total number of flights per year for which the auxiliary fuel tank system is used.

Prevent Usage of Auxiliary Fuel Tank
(g) Before December 16, 2008, deactivate the auxiliary fuel tank system, in accordance with a deactivation procedure approved by the Manager of the Atlanta ACO. Any auxiliary fuel tank system component that remains on the airplane must be secured and must have no effect on the continued operational safety and airworthiness of the airplane. Deactivation may not result in the need for additional Instructions for Continued Airworthiness (ICA).

Note 1: Appendix A of this AD provides criteria that must be included in the deactivation procedure. The proposed deactivation procedures should be submitted to the Atlanta ACO as soon as possible to ensure timely review and approval, prior to implementation.

Note 2: For technical information, contact Robert Bosak, Aerospace Engineer, Propulsion and Services Branch, ACE–118A, Atlanta ACOCrown Center, 1905 Phoenix Boulevard, Suite 450, Atlanta, Georgia 30349; telephone (770) 703-6094; fax (770) 703-6097.

Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)
(h)(1) The Manager, Atlanta ACO, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested in accordance with the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19.

(2) To request a different method of compliance or a different compliance time for this AD, follow the procedures in 14 CFR 39.19. Before using any approved AMOC on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify your appropriate principal inspector (PI) in the FAA Flight Standards District Office (FSDO), or lacking a PI, your local FSDO.

Material Incorporated by Reference
(i) None.

Appendix A—Deactivation Criteria
The auxiliary fuel tank system deactivation procedure required by paragraph (g) of this AD must address the following actions:

(1) Permanently drain the auxiliary fuel tank system tanks, and clean them of fuel vapors to eliminate the possibility of out-gassing of fuel vapors from the emptied auxiliary tank.

(2) Disconnect all auxiliary fuel tank system electrical connections from the fuel quantity indication system (FQIS), float, pressure and transfer valves and switches, and all other electrical connections required for auxiliary fuel tank system operation, and stow them at the auxiliary fuel tank interface.

(3) Disconnect all auxiliary fuel tank system fuel supply and fuel vent plumbing interfaces with airplane original equipment manufacturer (OEM) fuel tanks, cap them at the airplane tank side, and secure them. All disconnected auxiliary fuel tank system vent systems must not alter the OEM fuel tank vent system configuration or performance. All empty auxiliary fuel tank system tanks must be vented to eliminate the possibility of structural deformation during cabin decompression. The configuration must not permit the introduction of fuel vapor into any compartments of the airplane.

(4) Pull and collar all circuit breakers used to operate the auxiliary fuel tank system.

(5) Revise the weight and balance document, if required, and obtain FAA approval for any changes to the weight and balance document.

(6) Amend the applicable sections of the applicable airplane flight manual (AFM) to indicate that the auxiliary fuel tank system is deactivated. Remove auxiliary fuel tank system operating procedures to ensure that only the OEM fuel system operational procedures are contained in the AFM. Amend the Limitations Section of the AFM to indicate that the AFM Supplement for the STC is not in effect. Place a placard in the flight deck indicating that the auxiliary fuel tank system is deactivated. The AFM revisions specified in this paragraph may be accomplished by inserting a copy of this AD into the AFM.

(7) Amend the applicable sections of the applicable airplane maintenance manual to remove auxiliary fuel tank system maintenance procedures.

(8) After the auxiliary fuel tank system is deactivated, accomplish procedures such as leak checks, pressure checks, and functional checks deemed necessary before returning the airplane to service. These procedures must include verification that the basic airplane OEM FQIS, fuel distribution, and fuel venting systems function properly and have not been adversely affected by deactivation of the auxiliary fuel tank system.

(9) Include with the proposed deactivation procedures any relevant information or additional steps that are deemed necessary by the operator to comply with the deactivation of the auxiliary fuel tank system and return of the airplane to service.


Ali Bahrami,
Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.
[FR Doc. E8–12732 Filed 6–9–08; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
Office of Foreign Assets Control
31 CFR Parts 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 545, 560, 585, 586, 587, 588, 593, 594, and 595

International Emergency Economic Powers Act Civil and Criminal Penalties
AGENCY: Office of Foreign Assets Control, Treasury.
ACTION: Final rule.


FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Assistant Director, Civil Penalties, tel.: 202/622–6140, Assistant Director, Policy, tel.: 202/622–4855, Office of Foreign Assets Control, or Chief Counsel (Foreign Assets Control), tel.: 202/622–2410, Office of the General Counsel, Department of the Treasury (not toll free numbers).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
Electronic and Facsimile Availability
This document and additional information concerning OFAC are available from OFAC’s Web site (http://www.treas.gov/ofac) or via facsimile through a 24-hour fax-on-demand service, tel.: (202) 622–0077.

Background
On October 16, 2007, the President signed the Act into law as Public Law 110–96. Section 2 of the Act amended section 206 of IEEPA (50 U.S.C. 1705) by, among other things, raising the maximum civil penalty to an amount not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation. The Act also amended IEEPA’s provisions relating to the imposition of criminal penalties. Accordingly, OFAC is amending the current IEEPA-based sanctions programs regulations to reflect the revised description of unlawful acts and the revised penalties prescribed by the Act.

In particular, the amended regulations cross-reference IEEPA for the maximum civil penalty amount rather than specify such amount in the regulations themselves. OFAC posted an interim policy concerning its implementation of
the Act on its Web site on November 28, 2007, and plans shortly to revise its enforcement guidelines, which are also available on its Web site.

**Executive Order 12866, Administrative Procedure Act, Regulatory Flexibility Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act**

Because the regulations at issue involve a foreign affairs function, the provisions of Executive Order 12866 and the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553) requiring notice of proposed rulemaking, opportunity for public participation, and delay in effective date are inapplicable. In addition, OFAC finds that, because the rule merely amends the penalties provisions of certain sanctions regulations to conform with the statutory changes provided in the Act, good cause exists under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B) to waive the notice and public participation procedures, as well as under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3) to waive the delay in effective date. Because no notice of proposed rulemaking is required for this rule, the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601–612) does not apply.

**List of Subjects**

31 CFR Part 535

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Currency, Foreign claims, Foreign investments in United States, Iran, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

31 CFR Part 536

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Drug traffic control, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

31 CFR Part 537

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Burma, Currency, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Sudan.

31 CFR Part 538

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Currency, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

31 CFR Part 539

Administrative practice and procedure, Arms and munitions, Imports, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

31 CFR Part 540

Administrative practice and procedure, Nuclear materials, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Russian Federation, Uranium.

31 CFR Part 541

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Blocking of assets, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Services, Zimbabwe.

31 CFR Part 542

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Blocking of assets, Credit, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Services, Syria.

31 CFR Part 545

Administrative practice and procedure, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Travel restrictions.

31 CFR Part 560

Administrative practice and procedure, Exports, Humanitarian aid, Imports, Iran, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

31 CFR Part 585

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Transportation, United States investments abroad, Yugoslavia.

31 CFR Part 586

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Transportation, United States investments abroad, Yugoslavia.

31 CFR Part 587

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Foreign investments in United States, Foreign trade, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, United States investments abroad, Yugoslavia.

31 CFR Part 588

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Western Balkans.

31 CFR Part 593

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Blocking of assets, Credit, Foreign Trade, Imports, Liberia, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

31 CFR Part 594

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Terrorism.

31 CFR Part 595

Administrative practice and procedure, Banks, banking, Currency, Foreign investments in United States, Penalties, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities, Terrorism.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 31 CFR chapter V is amended by amending 31 CFR parts 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 545, 560, 585, 586, 587, 588, 593, 594, and 595 as follows:

**PART 535—Iranian Assets Control Regulations**

1. The authority citation for part 535 is revised to read as follows:


**Subpart G—Penalties**

2. Section 535.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

**§ 535.701 Penalties.**

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

**Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 535.701.** As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis
of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(3) The maximum civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of §536.701.

§536.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


PART 538—SUDANESE SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

§538.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


PART 539—WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION TRADE CONTROL REGULATIONS

§539.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of §539.701.

§539.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


Subpart G—Penalties

10. Section 539.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§ 539.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 539.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

11. The authority citation for part 540 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

12. Section 540.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§ 540.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 540.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 540.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

13. The authority citation for part 541 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

14. Section 541.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§ 541.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 541.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

15. The authority citation for part 542 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

16. Section 542.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§ 542.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.

(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 545—TALIBAN (AFGHANISTAN) SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

17. The authority citation for part 545 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

18. Section 545.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§545.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of §545.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 560—IRAQ SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

19. The authority citation for part 560 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

20. Section 560.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§560.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of §560.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 585—FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA (SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO) AND BOSNIAN SERB–CONTROLLED AREAS OF THE REPUBLIC OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

21. The authority citation for part 585 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

22. Section 585.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§585.701 Penalties.

(a) * * *

(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of §585.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.


(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.
§ 586.701 Penalties.
(a) * * *
(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 586.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.

(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 589—FORMER LIBERIAN REGIME OF CHARLES TAYLOR SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

29. The authority citation for part 593 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

30. Section 593.701 is amended by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§ 593.701 Penalties.
(a) * * *
(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 587.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.

(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 588—WESTERN BALKANS STABILIZATION REGULATIONS

27. The authority citation for part 588 is revised to read as follows:


Subpart G—Penalties

28. Section 588.701 is amended by removing the second sentence of paragraph (a) and by revising paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (b) to read as follows:

§ 588.701 Penalties.
(a) * * *
(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition issued under the Act.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 588.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(2) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.

(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 587—FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA (SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO) MILOSEVIC SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

25. The authority citation for part 587 is revised to read as follows:

(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 594—GLOBAL TERRORISM SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

§ 594.701 Penalties.
(a) * * *
(1) A civil penalty not to exceed the amount set forth in Section 206 of the Act may be imposed on any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

Note to paragraph (a)(1) of § 594.701. As of June 10, 2008, the Act provides for a maximum civil penalty not to exceed the greater of $250,000 or an amount that is twice the amount of the transaction that is the basis of the violation with respect to which the penalty is imposed.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.
(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

PART 595—TERRORISM SANCTIONS REGULATIONS

§ 595.701 Penalties.
(a) * * *
(1) A person who willfully commits, willfully attempts to commit, or willfully conspires to commit, or aids or abets in the commission of a violation of any license, order, regulation, or prohibition shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $1,000,000, or if a natural person, may be imprisoned for not more than 20 years, or both.

(b) Adjustments to penalty amounts.
(2) The criminal penalties provided in the Act are subject to adjustment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 3571.

Dated: May 27, 2008.
Adam J. Szubin,
Director, Office of Foreign Assets Control.
[FR Doc. E8–12385 Filed 6–9–08; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4810–42–P